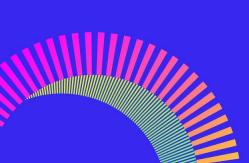
PRESENTED BY Huobi.pro

BLOCKCHAIN FESTIVAL VIETNAM





Global Blockchain Industry Overview and Prospects (2018H1)



Hubery Yuan

Director of Huobi Research of Blockchain application





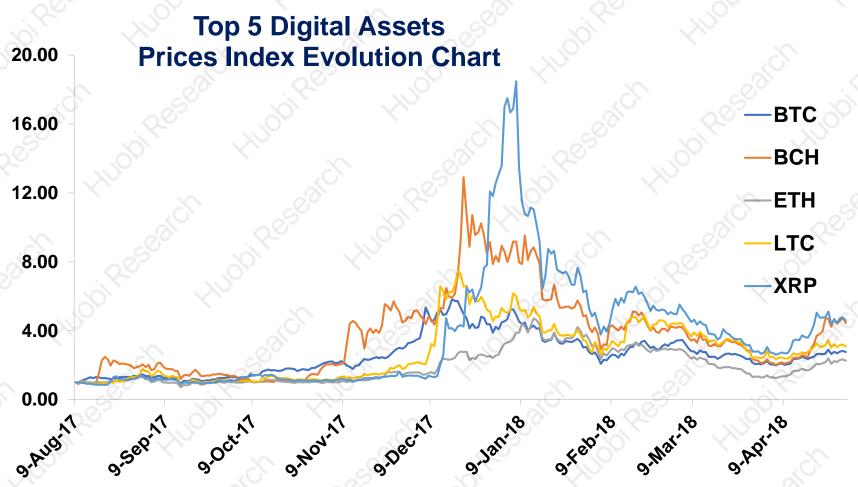








Global digital asset market outlook in 2018H1: Correction as major theme

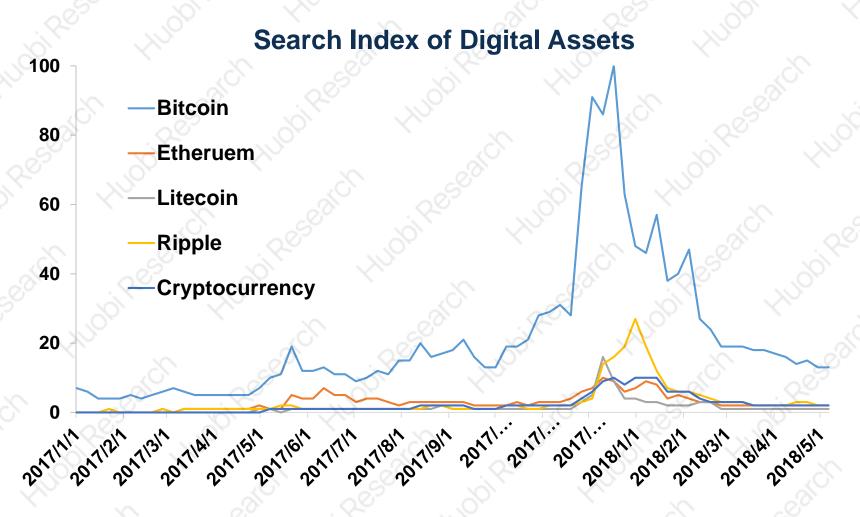


- 2017, digital asset market total market capitalization increased
 30 times from \$17.74 billion to \$559.76 billion.
- 2018H1, massive retracement was triggered, Top 5 digital assets price 70% below all time high, roughly same price level as October 2017.

Source: Coin Market Cap, Huobi Research



Search activity in digital asset descend sharply in 2018H1: Bitcoin declining the most



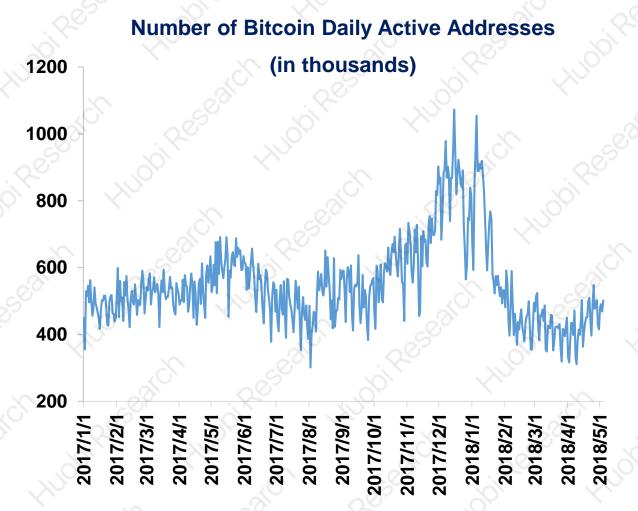
- 2017, Bitcoin was the main eye catcher, google search activities towards digital assets steadily accumulated and reached peak in December.
- 2018H1, public attention on digital assets fall down quickly. By end of April, search index of Bitcoin only 12% of peak.

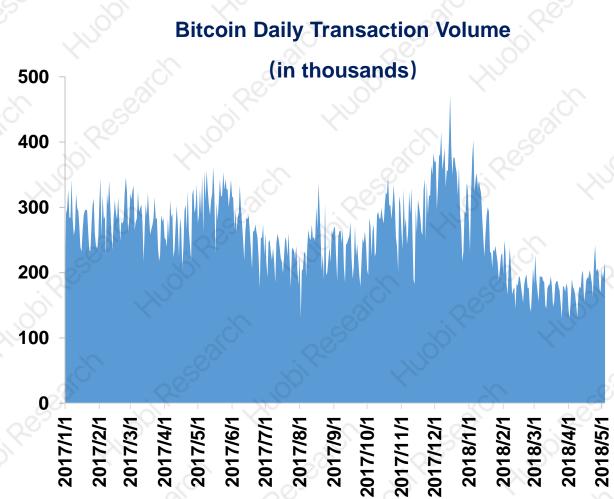
Source: Google Trends, Huobi Research





Bitcoin Market Activity Overview in 2018H1: Trending below 2017 Average





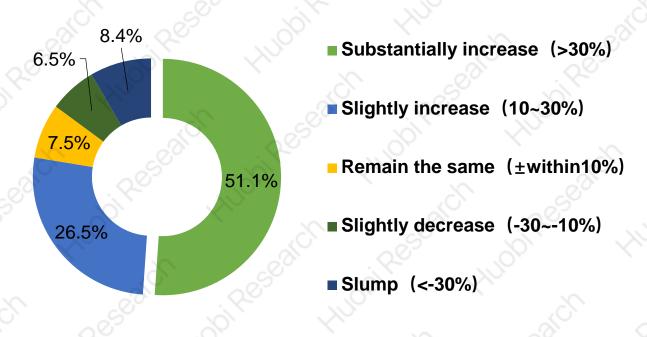
Source: Qundl, Huobi Research



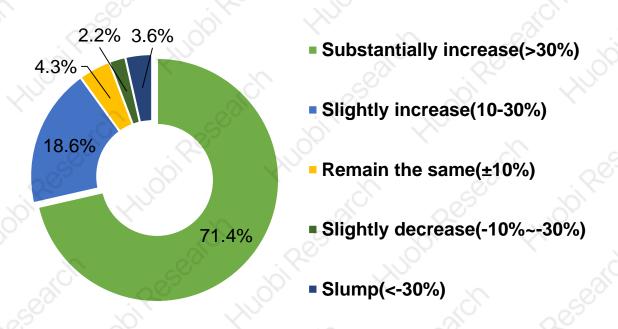


Huobi Investor Sentiment Survey: Market still bullish towards 2018H2

Investor Market Expectation—March 2018



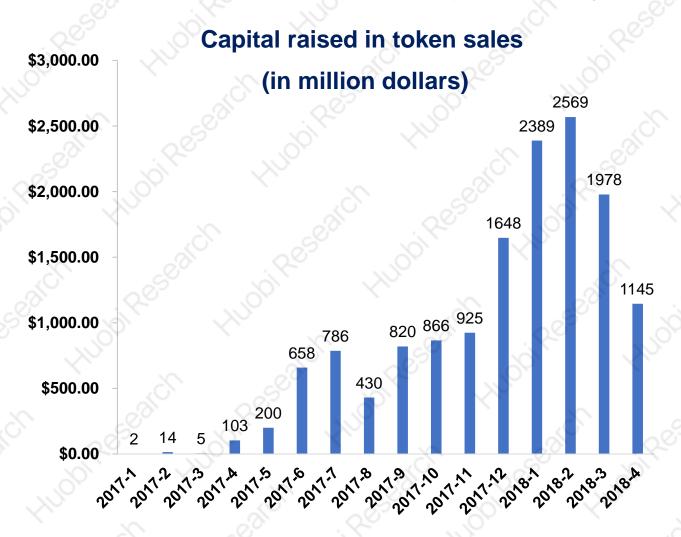
Investor Market Expectation—April 2018



Higher proportion of correspondents expressed optimistic attitude towards market in 2018H2.



Token Sales Market in 2018H1: Cools Down, yet capital raised still large compared to 2017



2017 Top 10 token sales in terms of capital raised



Name	Project catagory	Funding time	Capital raised
Filecoin	Distributed Storage	2017.9	\$257,000,000
Tezos	Public Blockchain	2017.7	\$230,498,884
Sirin Labs	Hardware	2017.12	\$157,885,825
Bancor	Cryptoasset Trading	2017.6	\$153,000,000
Polkadot	Cross-Chain facility	2017.10	\$145,171,723
Qash	Crytoasset Trading	2017.11	\$106,400,000
Status	Social network	2017.6	\$107,664,907
Kin	Decentralized Exchage	2017.9	\$98,500,326
Cosma	Cross-Chain Payment	2017.11	\$95,614,242
TenX	Payment, Clearance	2017.7	\$80,000,000
Total			\$1,431,735,907





Apr-18

Token Sales Market 2018H1: Selling below issuance price becomes common, liquidity shrinks

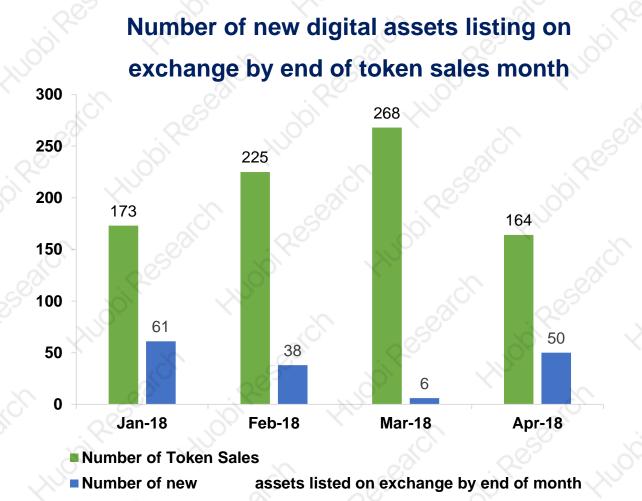
50

30

Jan-18

Number of new

Number of new



Number of new digital assets price falling below issuance price

50

14

Mar-18

assets selling below issuance price

assets hitting exchange

Feb-18



Digital asset crowd funding: New trend is emerging

Token sales are remodeling: DAICO





Better utilization of investor funds and improved relationship between investors and developers, funding spread over time or milestones.

If either party i.e., investors or developers are not happy with the progress of the project development, they can vote to deactivate the DAICO.



Digital asset crowd funding: New trend is emerging

Raise capital in the form of securities: United States as an example



Reg A+ Regulated Token Sales



Reg D Regulated Token Sales

- Raise up to 50 million dollars in 12 month
- Solicitation to public investors permitted
- Applicable to public investors
- Shares tradable immediately after sale

- Unlimited capital raising amount
- Solicitation not allowed, private disclosure
- Only open to accredited investors
- 12 month restricted sale period



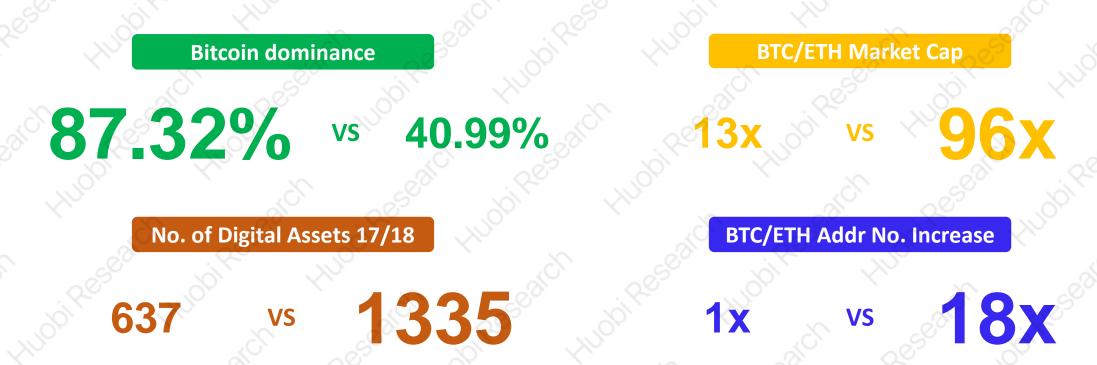
Looking back: Compared to previous 2 bull market, what's different this time?







Looking back: Compared to previous 2 bull market, what's different this time?

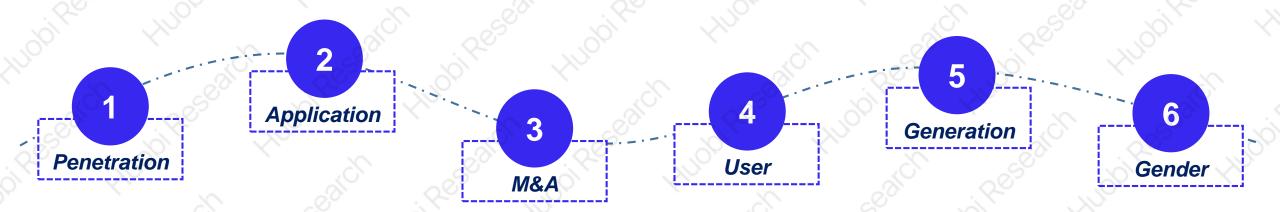


We are moving from consensus on peer to peer cash like bitcoin, to consensus on blockchain and smart contract themselves. That is, the things supporting the market from behind is becoming people's belief in the ability of blockchain to revolutionize our living world.





Looking ahead: What would be the rationales driving the market?



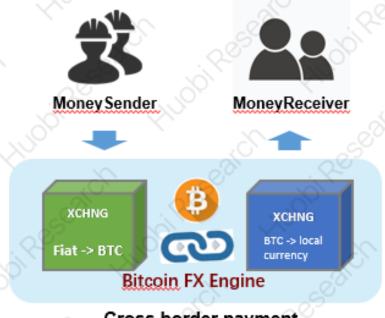
In long term,

- Paradigm shift from "investment-driven" towards "invest + application" driven.
- · Various use cases and demands will be tokenized on-chain and reflected in market cap.
- Token-Fiat currency transaction will decline, Token-Token exchanges expected to grow



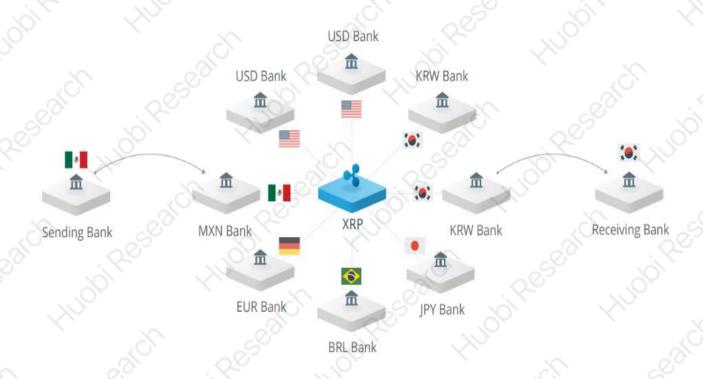


Rational 1. Penetration: Digital Assets finance VS Traditional finance



Cross border payment

under financial **inclusion** in **Promote** developed areas, realize true peer to peer finance in a trustless environment



Distributed ledger and smart contracts can be adopted in clearing and other financial back office, reducing the cost of operation



Rationale 2. Application: Only "use case + blockchain" could set the market on fire

"Blockchain + use case": Bottom to top

"Use case + blockchain": Top to bottom



"CryptoKitty" as example:

Premature way of playing



Seek appropriate use cases for technology

- Apply technology to real use cases
- Target digital assets community, highly speculative
- Target general public, optimize user experiences

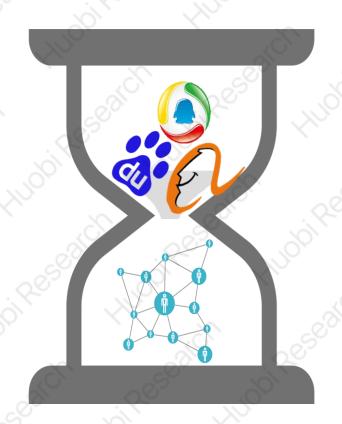


Rationale 3. Merger & Acquisitions: Blockchain acquiring internet killer applications

- IPO in Traditional Financial Market VS Token sales in Crypto Market
- M&A in Tradition Financial Market VS ?

Our thoughts:

- Great numbers of blockchain platforms, to supplement its own Dapp ecosystem, would start to acquire quality internet applications.
- New exit strategies may be created by moving internet start-ups on chain.

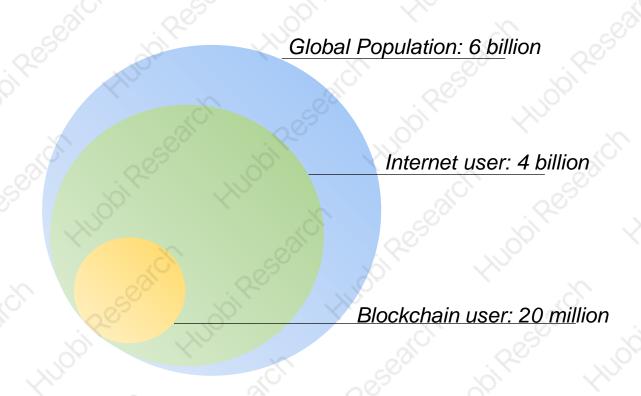


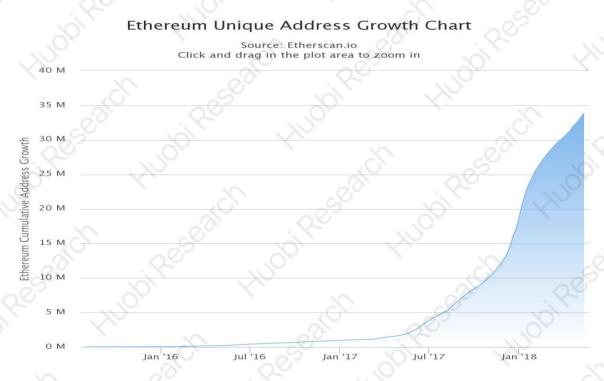




Rationale 4. User: blockchain user base will keep growing, pushing up market activity

• Ethereum unique addresses roughly 34 million, actual user about 20 million, 0.3 % of world population and 0.5% of internet user base, still great potential.





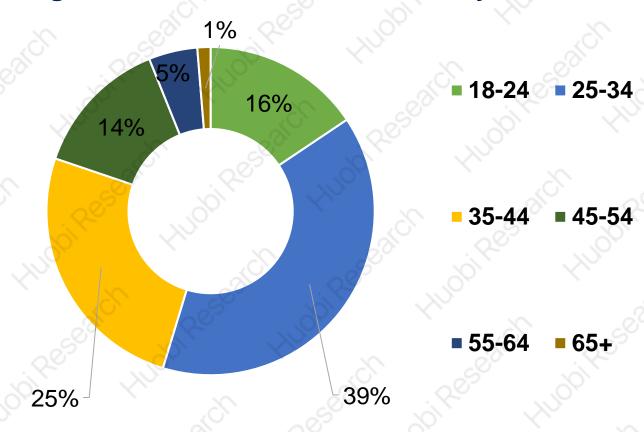




Rationale 5. Generation: from younger generation to the masses

- According to our research, most of the participants in Bitcoin community are between 24-34 years old, 39% of total.
- 55% of the participants in total are under 35
 years old, decreased from 60% in 2015
 announced by CoinDesk, digital assets are
 gradually accepting by masses.

Age Structure of Bitcoin Community



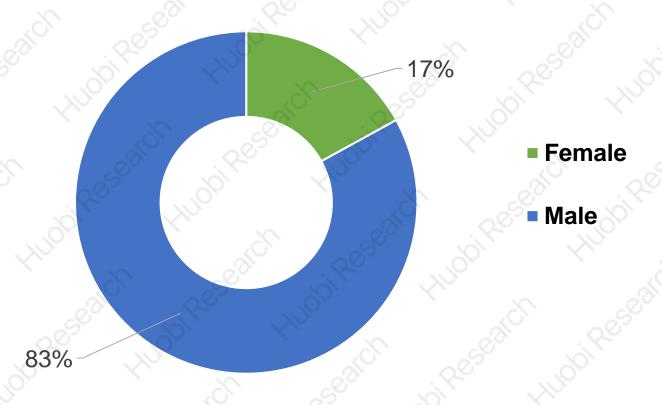




Rationale 6. Gender: From male to female

- According to our research, currently, about 17% of the bitcoin community participants are females, the left 83% are males. Gender divide exists.
- However, proportion of female participants are higher than before, according to Coindesk, 2015, only 10% are female.

Gender structure of Bitcoin Community











Global digital asset regulation outlook

- Whether digital assets are permitted to be used as payment tool
- Whether digital assets exchanges are permitted to operate
- Whether token sales is permitted
- Whether investments in digital assets are permitted







Trend 1: The US may become a good regulation example and be followed by other countries



Classified supervision: "utility token" and "security token"

- Internal Revenue Service (IRS) takes digital assets as commodities rather than currencies
- Different states apply different policies, mostly apply license scheme, yet security tokens need to be traded on SEC registered national exchanges, which currently most digital exchanges don't belong
- Namely, digital asset crowd funding is permitted, yet regulation, especially regulations to potential security tokens are strengthening





Trend 2: Both centralized regulators and self-regulatory organizations will play important roles



Centralized regulation: license scheme



Self-regulatory organization

- On April 1, 2017, the "Payment Service Amendment Act" took effect, Bitcoin was recognized as legal tender
- Digital assets exchanges be authorized by the Ministry of Finance of Japan (MFJ) and Financial Services Agency (FSA)

- No relevant laws concerning the legal status of digital assets, yet payment not prohibited.
- Exchanges only required to register as Ecommerce platform, South Korean Blockchain "Digital **Association** published Assets Exchange Self-regulation Control Project" to impose more requirements.









5 Major Segments of Blockchain Industry

Hardware and Infrastructure

Provides, integrates hash power and hardware support for the blockchain systems

Platforms

Provides development platform, underlying architecture for blockchain applications

Middle Layer

Make blockchain easier to deploy and be used to serve applications developers and users

Service

Provide professional services for industry participants, mobilize the circulation of capital and information

Application

Apply blockchain technology to various industries and use cases to serve end users





Hardware and Infrastructure: Oligopoly starts to appear among the hardware producers







ASIC Mining

VS GPUs Mining

Future Trends

- 1. Leading effect in hardware producers will be more apparent
- 2. GPUs mining will coexist with ASIC mining
- 3. Opportunities arise in low-energy mining





Platforms: It was and will continue to be the segment with severest competition



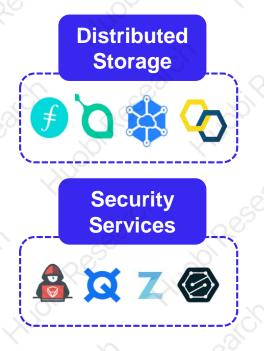


- 1. Cross-chain interoperability becomes an important criterion
- 2. Performance no longer the only criterion, "developer-friendly" will become demanded
- 3. Opportunities in blockchain platforms for specific sectors will appear



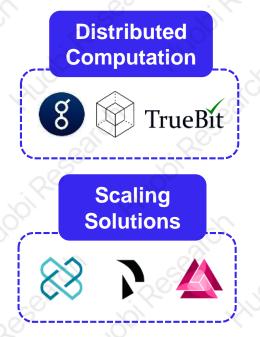


Middle layer: where great opportunities lie, "sweet spot" in blockchain











Virtuous Circle:

- 1. The emergence and maturity of middle layer would accelerate the landing of Dapps
- 2. The development of Dapps in verticals would in turn induce new demands





Service layer: where integration like the internet happens



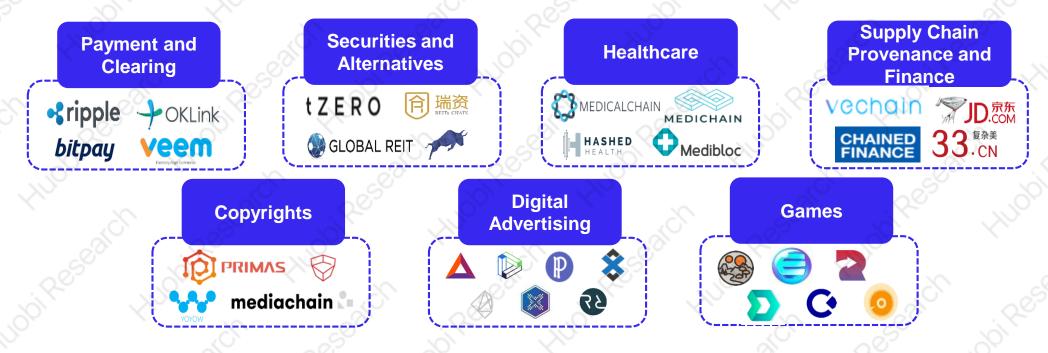


- 1. Decentralized and centralized digital assets exchange will co-exist
- 2. Market quotes and information providers can potentially provide one-stop trading services
- 3. Wallets may become the entrance for distributed applications in longer run





Application layer: Adoptions of blockchain technology start to arise in some sectors



Common Features of the sectors needing blockchain:

- 1. There are inefficient communications and high costs of trusts
- 2. There are strong demands for data validation and consensus
- 3. There are needs for massive data sharing and high-computing power



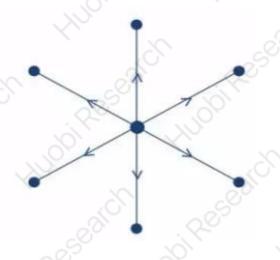






Moving from centralized coordination to decentralized cooperation

Centralized coordination



Decentralized cooperation





- Needs a trustworthy third party (Center)
- Issue of costs, privacy, and trusts

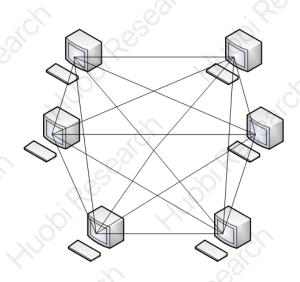
- Open, distributed and equal network environment
- Enables cooperation on a large-scale





We are now on the third stage: Building a public & decentralized economy

1.0 P2P Network



- P2p communication & transmission
- Example of application: BitTorrent

2.0 Distributed ledger



- Records transactions in a cryptographic, distributed way
- Example of application: Bitcoin

3.0 Distributed economy



- Replace employment relationship with "action-reward" mechanism
- Example of application: Dapps



Current Technology Bottlenecks in Blockchains

- Current bottleneck
- Slow transactions validation
- Weak transaction handle capability
- New Solutions

Improvement on consensus mechanism

Improvement on transaction validation

■ Blockchain characteristics

- Transparant, traceable, verifiable;
- Not completely anonymous
- New Solutions

CoinJoin, ring signature, zero-knowledge, invisable internet

1

Scalability

Interoperability

Privacy

■ Current Problems

- Assets are not transferrable
- No communications and interactions
- New Solutions

Notary schemes, relay, sidechain, distributed private key, hash locking





Scalability: scalability is the fundamental of high-scaled applications

Consensus Mechanism Improvement

PoS

No computation, replace miners with validators



CØSMOS



Cardano



Thunderella

dPoS

Delegates selected from voting records transactions



EOS



BitShares



Steemit

pBFT/dBFT

Improves BFT protocol with PoS/dPoS

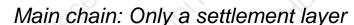


HyperLedger

Transaction Validation Improvement

■ Sidechain and state-channels

Off-chain: Transaction processing & smart contract running



Sharding

Divides transactions into groups (shards)

■ Sub-chain and layered structure

Smart contract running & ledger clearing in different layers











Privacy: How to take advantages of good features of public chain while maintain the privacy

CoinJoin



DASH

- Combines multiple payments from multiple spenders into one single transaction;
- Initiators choose master nodes randomly, thus mix transactions among them

Ring Signature

Actual transaction senders (signer)
 are combined with non-signers to
 form a ring, thus mask the origin of
 the transactions



Privacy

Invisible Internet





Zcash

- Conceal transaction information: sender, receiver and amount;
- Only those with private keys have full access to the information

- Combined with Onion Router Project;
- User information such as IP addresses is concealed, hard to trace

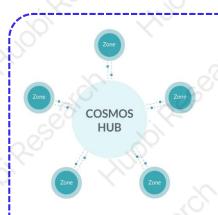


Verge



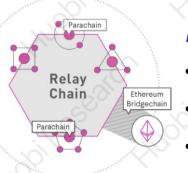


Interoperability: key for communication between isolated blockchain eco-systems 1/2



Cosmos:

- Hub + Zones: "IBC" Protocol
- Free token transfer via Hub



Polkadot:

- Relay Chain + Para Chain
- Free cross communication
- Bridge to other chains



Ripple Interledger Protocol Unique protocol connects different ledgers;

Third-party connectors to create funds custody for different ledger systems;

Relay

Sidechain

Notary

schemes

Runs in parallel to main chain;

 Sidechain uses same consensus as main chain;

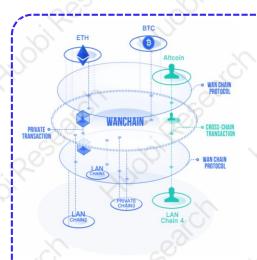
 Sidechain can validate transactions on main chain







Interoperability: key for communication between isolated blockchain eco-systems 2/2



WanChain

- Multi-party computation + ring signatures;
- Cross-chain locked account
- Assets on original chain pegged on WanChain assets

Fusion

- Distributed private key mngt
- Map digital assets onto Fusion chain – lock in;
- Ceases smart contract and releases mapping – lock out



Distributed private key

Hash locking



Between Bitcoin and Litecoin (homogeneous blockchain)

- Establishing off-chain
 payment channels between
 different blockchains;
- A path made up of multiple payment channels

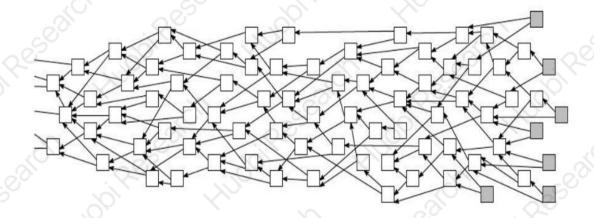






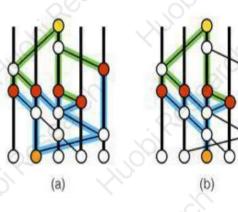
Emergence of Innovated Distributed Ledger Technology Other Than Blockchain

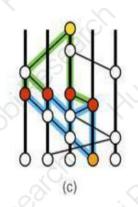
Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG)

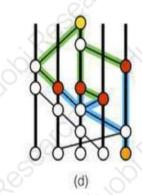


- Asynchronous book keeping
- No blocks, each node confirms the data unit themselves.
- Different units are correlated through tx hashes, forming a data structure in one direction without cycles.

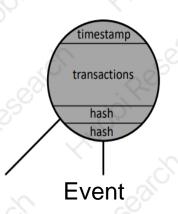
Hashgraph







- Transmission through Gossip of events using gossip about gossip protocol
- Virtual voting









Closing Thoughts...

- How much will the platform layer improve for the next few months?
- Will the number of blockchain user exceed 50 million?
- Will some of the new public blockchains Outbeat Ethereum?
- Will Nasdaq launch its digital asset exchange faster than expected?









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Thanks!



